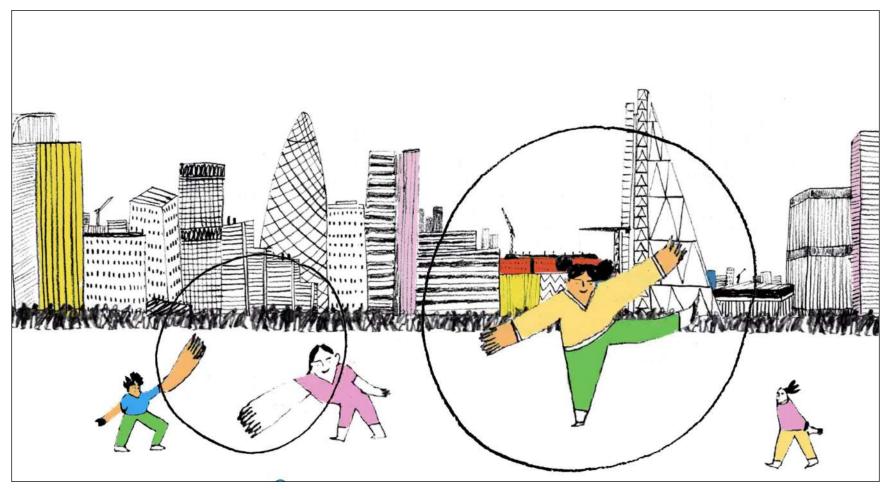
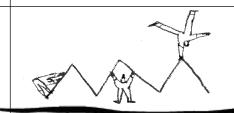


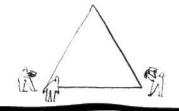
CHAPTER 2 introduction to sculpture and public art



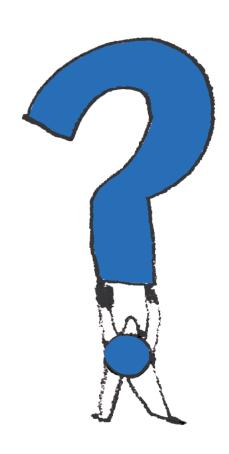


WHAT IS SCULPTURE?

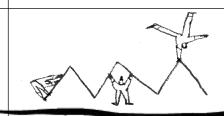








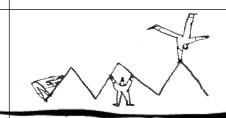
WHAT IS SCULPTURE?

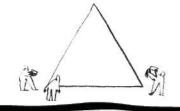






SCULPTURE IS A 3D WORK OF ART MADE FROM SOLID MATERIALS LIKE STONE AND METAL

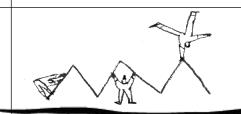


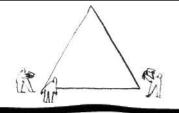




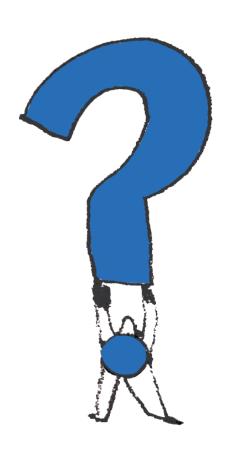
'SCULPTURE' COMES FROM THE
LATIN WORD 'SCULPO'
WHICH MEANS 'TO CUT OUT OR TO
CARVE IN STONE'



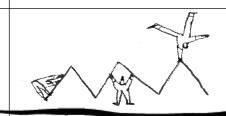


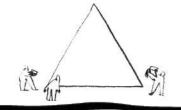






WHAT IS A STATUE?

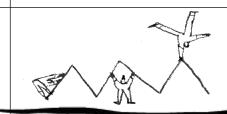


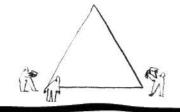




A STATUE OFTEN REPRESENTS PEOPLE, ANIMALS, RELIGIOUS FIGURES OR MYTHICAL CREATURES!



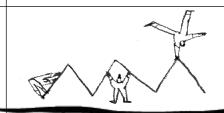


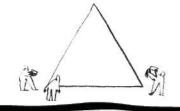




'STATUE' COMES FROM THE LATIN
WORD 'STATUA'
WHICH MEANS 'TO STAND'





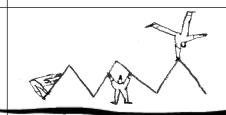


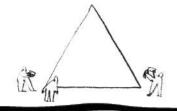


DID YOU THINK SCULPTURE = STATUE?

STATUES ARE A TYPE OF SCULPTURE BUT NOT ALL SCULPTURES ARE STATUES!

SCULPTUREINTHE**CITY**



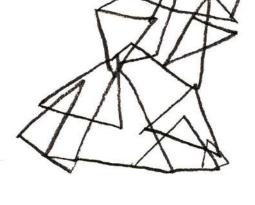


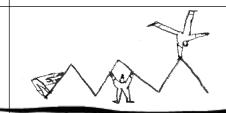


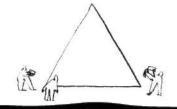
SCULPTURES COME IN DIFFERENT SHAPES AND SIZES!



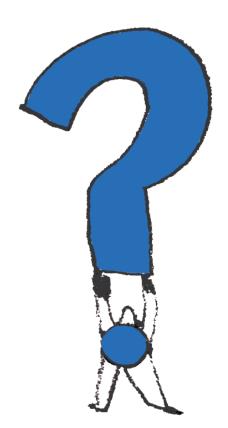




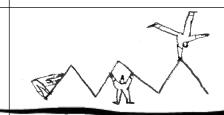


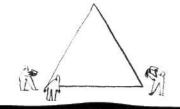






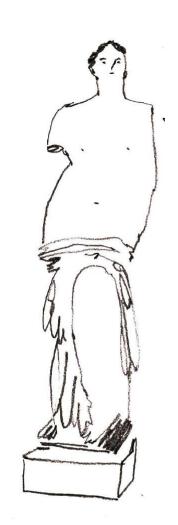
WHAT ARE FIGURATIVE SCULPTURES?

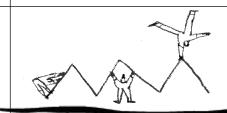


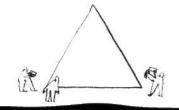




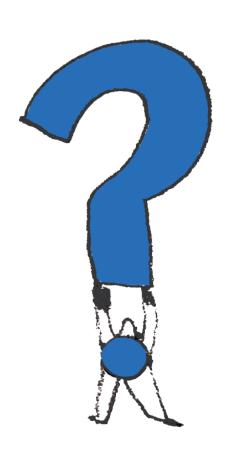
'FIGURATIVE' IS WHEN THE ART LOOKS LIKE THE PERSON, ANIMAL OR OBJECT THAT IT IS BASED ON IN REAL LIFE



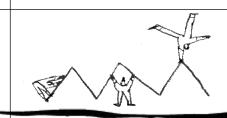


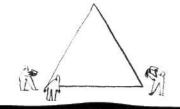






WHAT ARE ABSTRACT SCULPTURES?

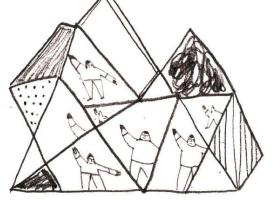






'ABSTRACT' IS WHEN THE ART DOES NOT ALWAYS LOOK LIKE SOMETHING YOU RECOGNISE IN REAL LIFE





SCULPTURE OR STATUE?

FACT SHEET



Key information;

- Sculpture is a 3D work of art made from solid materials e.g. stone and metal.
- Statues are a type of sculpture, but not all sculptures are statues!
- Statues often represent people, animals or mythical creatures.
- Figurative sculptures look similar to the thing it is based on in real life.
- Abstract sculptures do not always look like something you recogise in real life and often uses more unusual shapes, lines and colour.

SCULPTURE AND STATUE

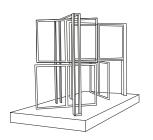
E.6.





SCULPTURE

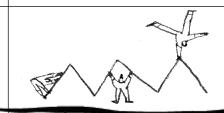
E.G.

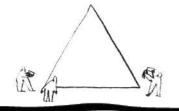


SERIES INDUSTRIAL
WINDOWS 1
MARISA FERRERIA



TWO FORMS
DIVIDED CIRCLE
BARBARA HEPWORTH

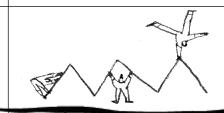


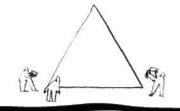




'SCULPTURE IN THE CITY' HAS LOTS OF DIFFERENT EXAMPLES OF FIGURATIVE AND ABSTRACT SCULPTURES...

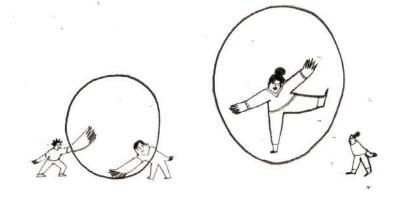


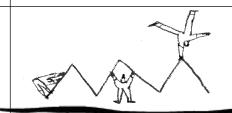


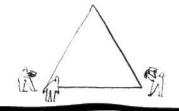




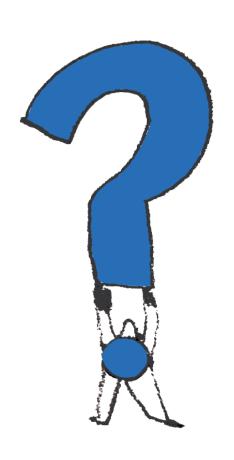
THE 'SCULPTURE IN THE CITY' ARTWORK IS LOCATED IN OUTDOOR PUBLIC SPACES FOR EVERYONE TO EXPERIENCE AND ENJOY!



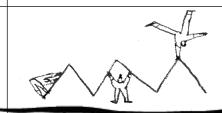








WHY IS PUBLIC ART IMPORTANT?

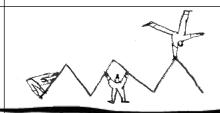


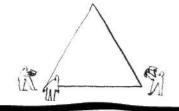




PUBLIC ART CAN CHANGE AND IMPROVE PLACES THAT EVERY ONE CAN USE.

PUBLIC ART CAN BRING PEOPLE TOGETHER, CONNECT US TO OUR SURROUNDINGS AND TEACH US ABOUT PEOPLE, CULTURES AND HISTORY!







NOW LET'S LOOK AT SOME SCULPTURE THROUGH TIME...

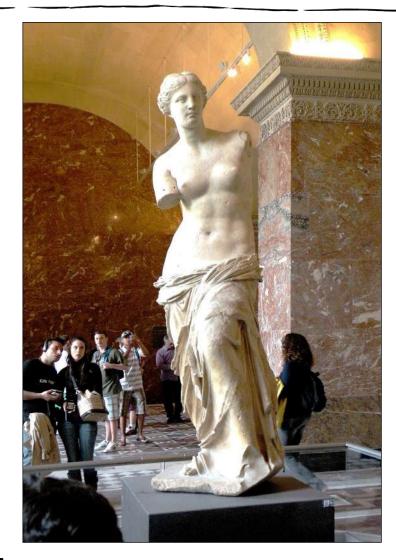
SCULPTUREINTHE**CITY**

VENUS DE MILO by ALEXANDROS OF ANTIOCH



Key information;

- An ancient Greek statue thought to represent the Goddess of Love.
- Over 2000 years old.
- Material: carved from marble (stone)
- Over 200 years ago, it was found in pieces on a Greek island... the arms were never found!
- Originally would have been brightly coloured with metal jewellery attached.
- Statues of Gods and Goddesses were very important to the Ancient Greeks who worshipped them.



Height = 2.03m

+ C.150BC

DAVID by Michaelangelo



Key information;

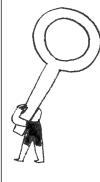
- A representation of the biblical character, David (of David and Goliath)
- · Just over 500 years old
- Material: carved from marble (stone)
- The sculpture is a symbol of strength for the Italian city of Florence.
- Created in the Renaissance, a period of time hundreds of years ago starting in Italy when people started wanting to learn more about Ancient Greece and Rome.



Height = 5.17m

1501 - 1504

RECLINING FIGURE by HENRY MOORE



Key information;

- The artist Henry Moore was revolutionary in the way he created abstract figures. He explored this theme for over 40 years!
- This 'Reclining Figure' is just over 50 years old.
- Material: bronze (metal)
- Moore used abstract forms to make connections between the human body and landscape e.g. mountains and hills.



Length = 3.6m

TWO FORMS (DIVIDED CIRCLE) by BARBARA HEPWORTH



Key information;

- The artist's sculptures were inspired by landscapes e.g. coastlines and mountains.
- It is just over 50 years old.
- Material: bronze (a metal)
- The holes and gap are as important as the material section.
- The sculpture frames views, so we can see things differently and make connections with the view ahead.



Height = 2.37m

ANGEL OF THE NORTH by ANTHONY GORMLEY



Key information;

- The sculpture represents the past, the present and the changing times of the region.
- It is just over 20 years old.
- Material: rusted steel (metal)
- It is Britain's largest sculpture.
- It is placed on a hill above an old coal mine, and next to a motorway and railway line.
- The sculpture has become a landmark and symbol for the North East of England.

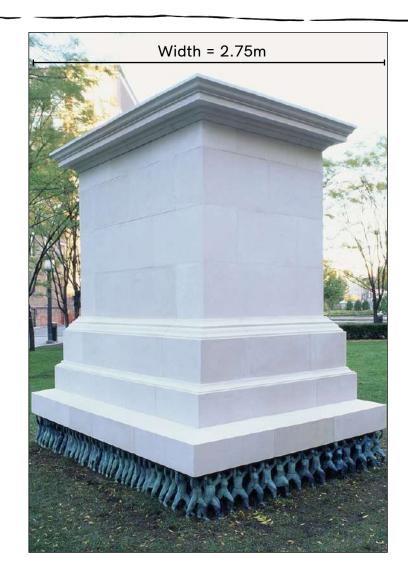


PUBLIC FIGURES by DO HO SUH



Key information;

- The artist has turned the traditional plinth with a statue on top upside-down!
- It is just over 20 years old.
- Materials: stone and bronze.
- Instead of placing a statue
 of a famous person on top
 of the plinth, the artist has
 placed hundreds of tiny
 figures underneath it, who
 are working together to hold
 up the stone.
- The artist wants us to think differently about who 'heroes' or important people are and how we celebrate them.



Height =2.84m

NUMEN (SHIFTING VOTIVE ONE + TWO) by THOMAS J PRICE

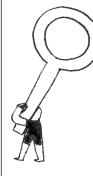


Key information;

- Numen means the 'spirit of a place'. The artwork was originally called 'Worship'.
- Completed in 2016
- Materials: marble (stone) and aluminium (metal)
- The artist uses traditional sculpting methods and often represents and celebrates Black people in his work.
- The artist wants us to think more about who in society is given power, and who should be represented in statues and sculpture.

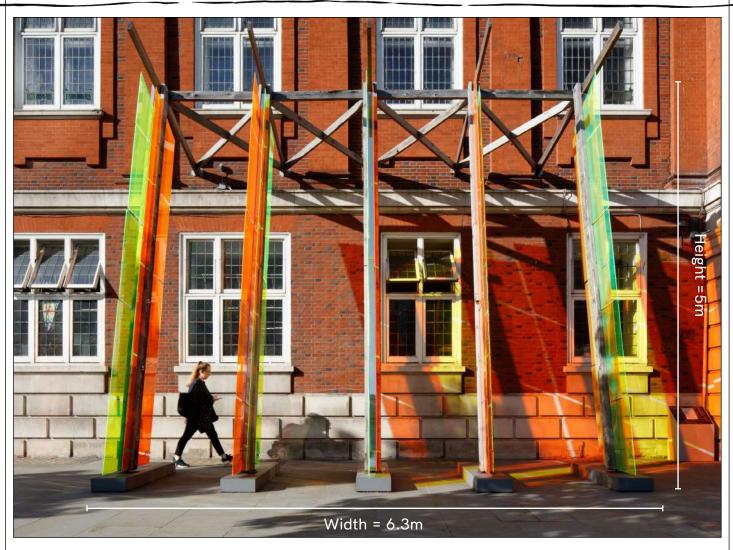


DUTCH/LIGHT (FOR AGNETA BLOCK) by JY LL BRADLEY

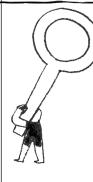


Key information;

- This sculpture is part of Sculpture in the City's 9th edition!
- Completed in 2017
- Materials: acrylic (plastic), steel (metal) and timber (wood)
- This artwork is brought to life by light! When sunny, the sculpture makes colourful shadows creating a space of moving shapes and colour.
- It's structure is based on early greenhouse designs, where plants grow.
- It was created to mark the 350th anniversary of the Anglo-Dutch wars, and the peace that followed between the countries and the cultural exchanges of growing plants under glass.

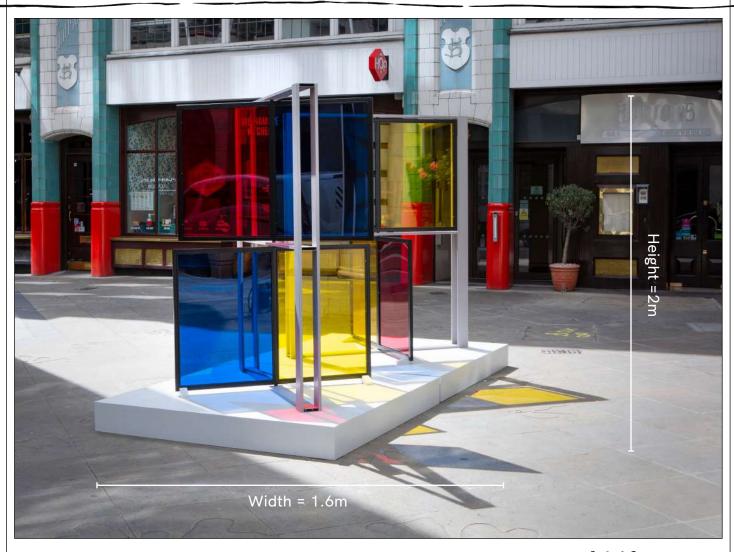


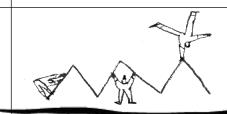
SERIES INDUSTRIAL WINDOWS 1 by MARISA FERREIRA

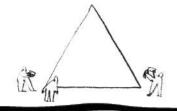


Key information;

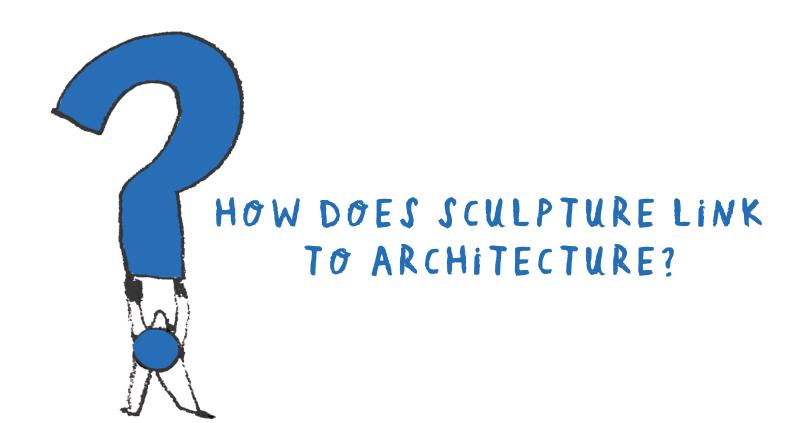
- This sculpture is part of Sculpture in the City's 9th edition!
- · Completed in 2018
- Materials: acrylic (plastic) and stainless steel (metal)
- The sculpture explores the artist's memories of the Portugese city she grew up in.
- The sculpture's
 measurements are the same
 size as the windows in a
 disused factory she played
 in as a child. The grey frames
 are made in the same way
 as a bookshelf found in the
 factory.
- When sunny the sculpture makes colourful shadows creating a space of moving shapes and colour.

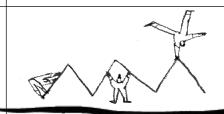


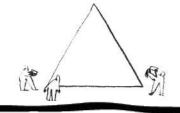








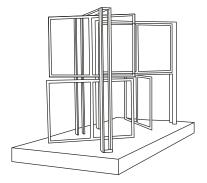






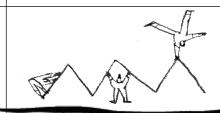
ARCHITECTURE IS THE DESIGNING AND MAKING OF BUILDINGS.

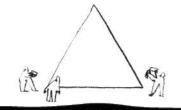
LIKE ARCHITECTURE, SCULPTURE CAN IMPROVE PLACES, USE STRUCTURES AND PLAY WITH DIFFERENT MATERIALS



SERIES INDUSTRIAL
WINDOWS 1
MARISA FERRERIA



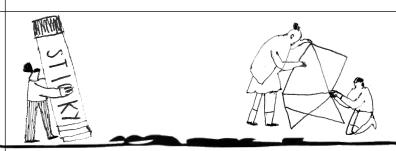




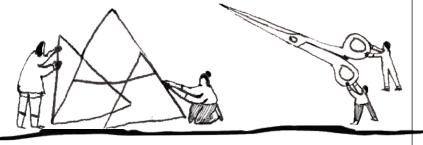


LET'S PLAY A GAME TO INTRODUCE EVEN MORE STATUES AND SCULPTURES!

YOU WILL RECOGNISE SOME FROM
'SCULPTURE THROUGH TIME'







SCULPTURE OR STATUE BINGO!

SCULPTUREINTHE**CITY**

ACTIVITY 1: SCULPTURE OR STATUE BINGO

NAME:

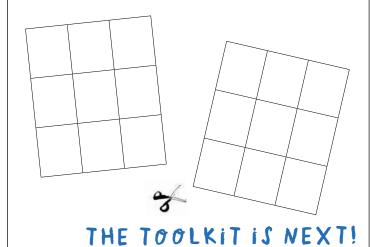
LEARNING OBJECTIVE:

- To become more familiar with sculpture names and artists including artwork from Sculpture in the City.
- recognise the sculptures that are also statues.

WHAT YOU NEED:

- Toolkit for Chapter 2 Activity 1
- Scissors
- Pencil/pen (or counters/buttons if available)

Step 1: Cut out the individual caller cards Step 2: Cut out the answer cards, one per along the dashed lines. One caller per game. player/team per round.



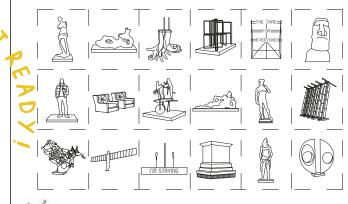
KEY:

 \mathcal{M}

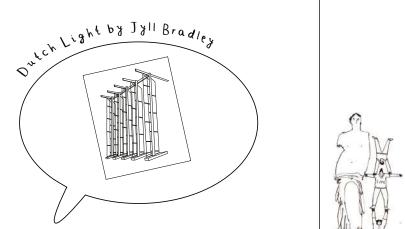
if you want to play more than one round, instead of crossing out the sculptures use counters, buttons, bottle lids, or even a small piece of scrapped paper etc. to cover them as you play. The calling cards can be reshuffled to play more rounds.

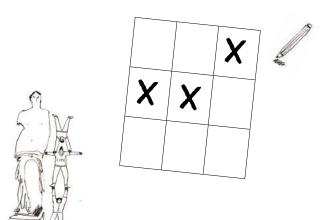
Step 3: The caller calls out one card at a

time.

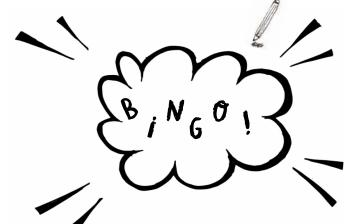


Step 4: If the card called out matches what is on an answer card, cross it out.





Step 5: The game continues until someone crosses out all 9 sculptures on their card and shouts 'bingo!' to win.



SCULPTUREINTHE**CITY**

CHAPTER 2

TOOLKIT

SCULPTURE OR STATUE BINGO: CALLING CARD







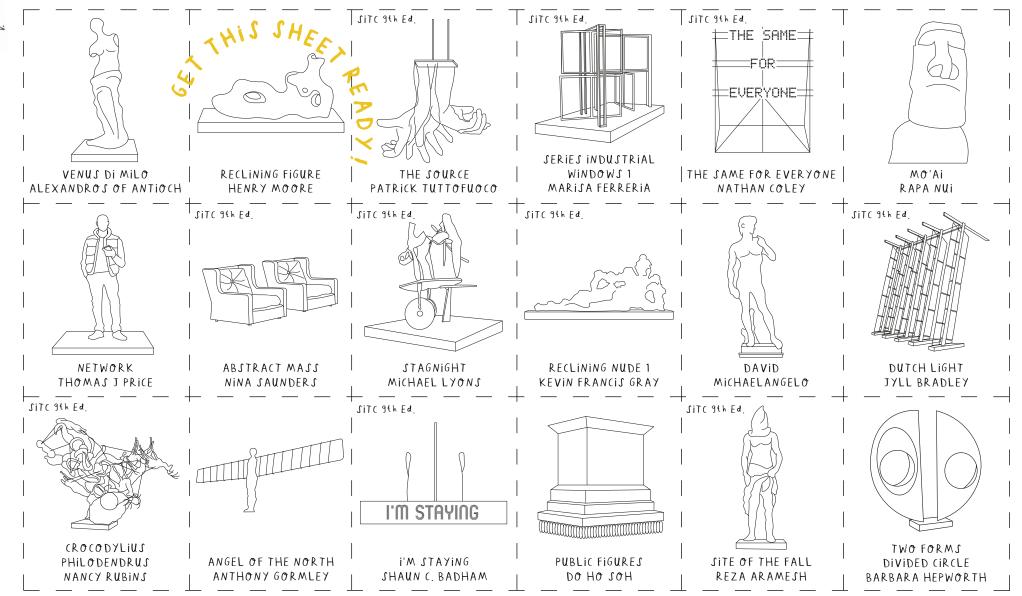


INSTRUCTIONS:

- Cut out the individual cards along the dotted lines
- Follow the instructions on the Activity Sheet

MORE TOOLKIT NEXT!





SCULPTUREINTHE**CITY**

TOOLKIT FOR CHAPTER 2 ACTIVITY 1

TOOLKIT

SCULPTURE OR STATUE BINGO: ANSWER CARDS 1







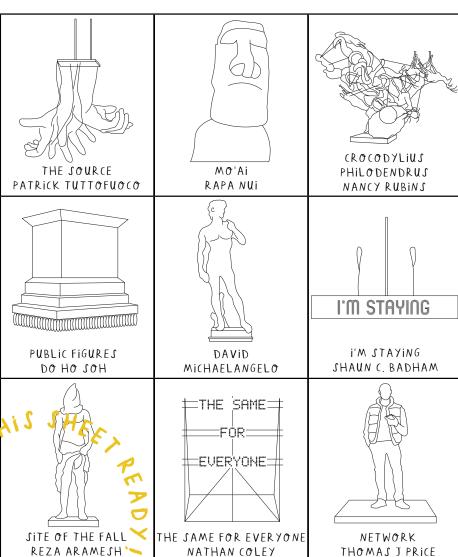


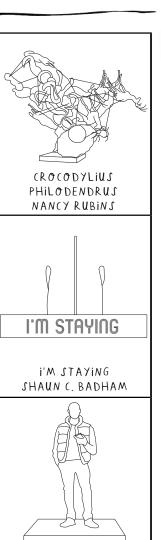


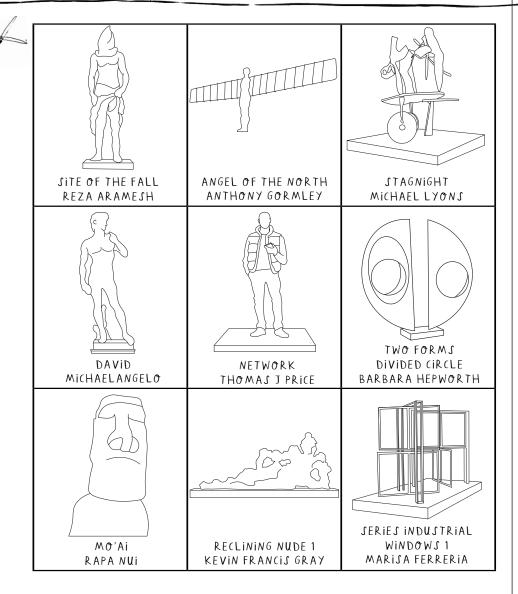
INSTRUCTIONS:

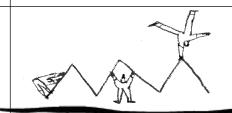
- Cut out the template along the outside black square
- Follow the instructions on the Activity Sheet

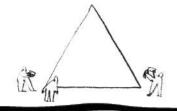






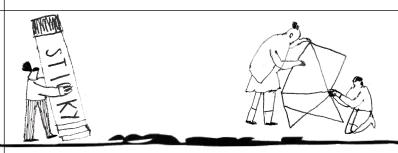




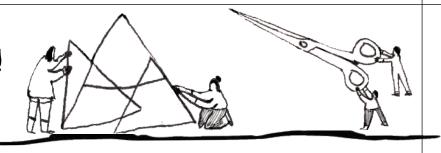




IT'S TIME TO START MAKING SOMETHING!

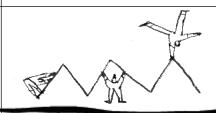


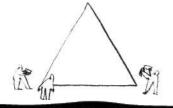
ACTIVITY TIME!



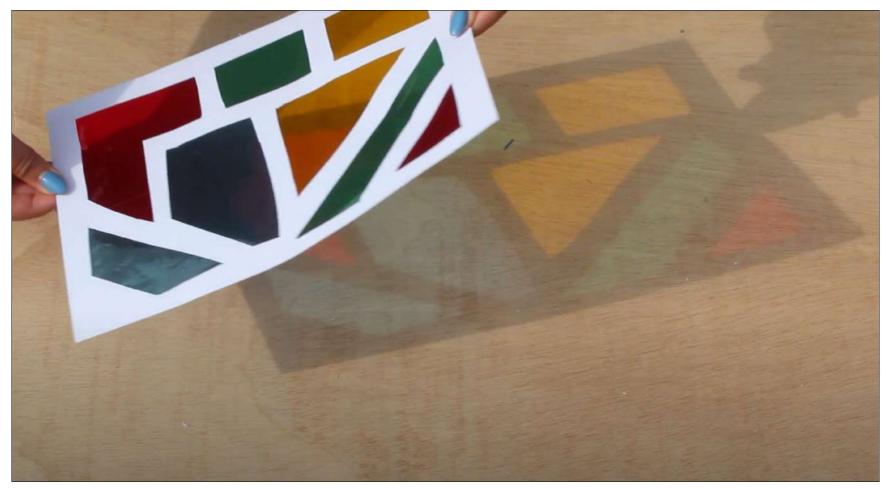
SUNCATCHERS!

SCULPTUREINTHE**CITY**











HOW TO MAKE A SUNCATCHER

ACTIVITY 2: SUNCATCHER

 \mathcal{M}

INSTRUCTIONS

OBJECTIVE:

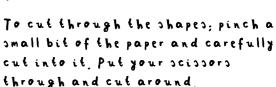
- To observe and record the shapes in the sculpture.
- To experiment with and better understand the nature of coloured glass and how it can be used in sculpture.

WHAT YOU NEED:

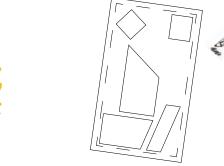
- Toolkit for Chapter 2 Activity 2
- Coloured cellophane/translucent sweet wrappers
- Pencil
- Scissors
- Glue/sellotape







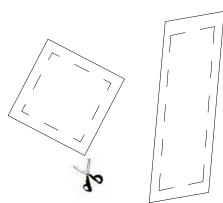
Step 1: Look at the shapes in the sculpture. What are the main shapes you can see? Draw them on your sheet and use the example shapes to help. Make sure to only draw in the dashed line rectangle and leave gaps between vour shapes!



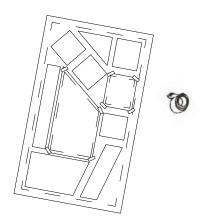
Step 2: Cut out the template along the solid black line. Then cut the shapes to leave a stencil for where your coloured cellophane will qo.



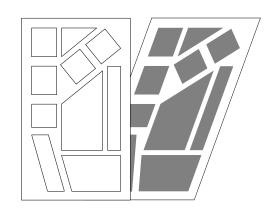
Step 3: Cut out shapes in different coloured cellophane that are similar to your cut out shapes. Make sure they are big enough to be stuck over the holes.



Step 4: stick each piece of cellophane over the matching shape/hole on the back of your sheet. Repeat process until all the holes are covered. Turn it over when finished.



Step 5: Rest your 'stained glass' suncatcher on the classroom window sill. Observe the types of shadows they make at different times of the day!



TOOLKIT

SUNCATCHER: 'STAINED

GLASS' WINDOW



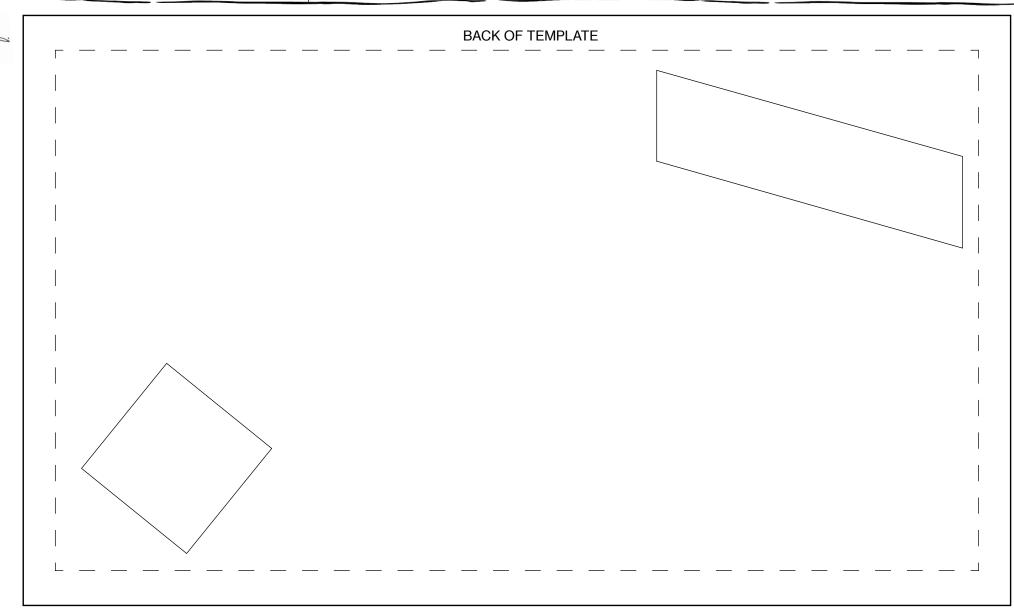


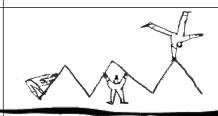


INSTRUCTIONS:

- Cut out the template along the outside black square
- Follow the instructions on the Activity Sheet







DUTCH/LIGHT (FOR AGNETA BLOCK) by JYLL BRADLEY

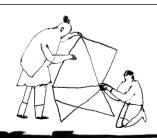




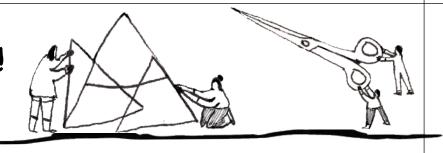






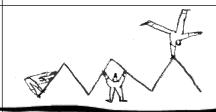


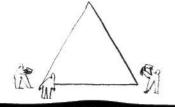
ACTIVITY TIME! •R HOMEWORK



SHADOW MOBILE!

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HOW TO MAKE A SHADOW MOBILE

ACTIVITY 3: SHADOWS

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INSTRUCTIONS

OBJECTIVE:

- To experiment with and better understand how patterns can create interesting shadows.
- To use card slot joints to create 3D models.

WHAT YOU NEED:

- · Toolkit for Chapter 2 Activity 3
- Scissors
- String
- Glue/sellotape

KEY:



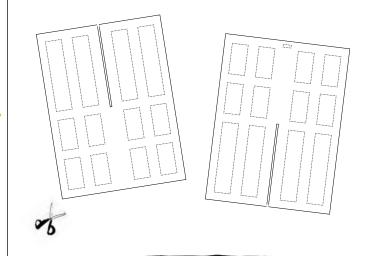


HOMEWORK!

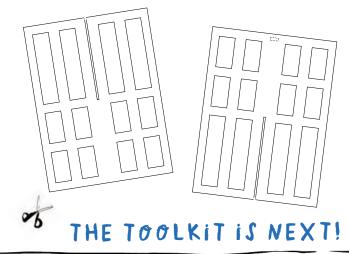


To cut through the shapes; pinch a small bit of the paper and carefully cut into it. Put your scissors through and cut around.

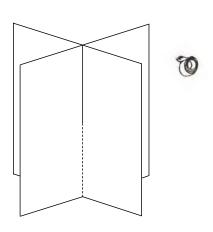
Step 1: Cut out both templates along the solid black lines.



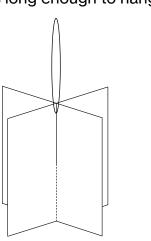
Step 2: Cut out the shapes along the dotted line on both templates.



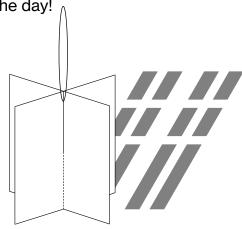
Step 3: slot the two pieces together. Sellotape the two bits together if needed.



Step 4: Tie string through the hole. Make sure the string is long enough to hang up your mobile!



Step 5: Hang up by your bedroom window and watch the shadows it makes at different times of the day!



TOOLKIT INSTRUCTIONS: KEY: Cut out the template along the outside black square SHADOWS: MOBILE Follow the instructions on the Activity Sheet Print on thin white card if preferred/available

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TOOLKIT FOR CHAPTER 2 ACTIVITY 3

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DIGITAL LEARNING PROGRAMME PARNTER:



PROJECT PARNTER:



















SCULPTUREINTHE**CITY** LEARNING

urban learners **DESIGNED BY:**

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